

Is gripe water baby-friendly?

Sir,

WHO recommends mothers worldwide to exclusively breastfeed infants for the child's first six months to achieve optimal growth, development and health. The "Ten Steps to Successful Breastfeeding" are the foundation of the WHO/UNICEF Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative (BFHI). According to the sixth step of BFHI, newborn infants should not be given food or drink other than breast milk, unless medically indicated.^[1] Though WHO guidelines on infant and young child feeding do exist, in reality they are often not practiced. The beliefs and customs of people have a greater impact on the child rearing practices pushing the aforementioned guidelines to the back seat. One such irrational practice is the use of gripe water for infants on a routine basis and for colic.^[2] Anything (including gripe water) other than breast milk administered to a baby during the first six months may increase the risk of introducing bacteria, causing allergies and irritating the baby's intestines. Gripe water just like any other prelacteal given soon after birth may cause delay in establishment of breastfeeding and reduce breast milk supply.

Woodward borrowed the formula, a combination of dill seed oil, sodium bicarbonate and alcohol, among other substances from physicians who were using solution in the 1840s to treat babies with "fen fever," a form of malarial illness. It is serendipitous that a treatment Woodward designed for malaria is today a popular treatment for colic with an enormous commercial value.^[3] A survey of 200 mothers in Sheffield revealed that babies were given gripe water by 64% of mothers within the first month.^[4] According to a study from Nigeria, 30% of mothers used gripe water as self-medication to treat infants with colic while 43% doctors prescribed the same.^[5] It is very obvious that gripe water has crossed borders and

socioeconomic strata and is being liberally used by doctors and mothers.

It has been hypothesized that the alcohol content of gripe water provides a soothing effect.^[3] In some of the other commercial gripe waters, the alcohol content has been as high as 9% making even adults to get addicted.^[3,6] Though previously gripe water had alcohol in its composition, this is no longer a common constituent. A net search revealed that most brands of gripe water in Indian market are alcohol free but contain sodium bicarbonate, varying combinations of herbs or dill oil [Table 1]. Sodium bicarbonate in gripe water has no role as hyperacidity is not a cause for colic. Moreover, if given continuously and in large doses, it may cause alkalosis and milk alkali syndrome. One cannot presume that all herbal preparations are safe and free from side effects. The other possibility of the soothing effect of gripe water could be due to its sweet taste. The high sugar content of gripe water can harm the erupting teeth.^[7] *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* septic shock secondary to "gripe water" ingestion has been reported in a nine-month-old girl.^[8] In 2007, FDA confirmed the presence of cryptosporidium after investigating the illness of a six-week-old infant in Minnesota who consumed Baby's Bliss Gripe Water, apple flavor and advised consumers to throw away bottles of the product.^[9]

To foster a strong belief in this product, attractive advertisements including endorsements are prominently placed in the media. "Trusted by generations of mothers in India" and "Granny gave mother and mother gave me" are examples of slogans for a popular brand. These advertisements need to be curbed and we should ensure that no promotion for infant foods or drinks other than breast milk is done. Allopathic doctors should stop prescribing these non allopathic medications and laws should be made stringent to prevent over the counter access of the same.^[10]

B. Adhisivam

Assistant Professor, Department of Pediatrics, Jawaharlal Institute of Post graduate Medical Education and Research, Pondicherry, India

Access this article online	
Quick Response Code:	Website: www.jpharmacol.com
	DOI: 10.4103/0976-500X.95544

Address for correspondence:

B. Adhisivam, Assistant Professor, Department of Pediatrics, Jawaharlal Institute of Post graduate Medical Education and Research, Pondicherry - 605 006, India. E-mail: adhisivam1975@yahoo.co.uk

Correspondence

Table 1: Common gripe water brands available in Indian market

Brand name	Company	Composition
Woodward's gripe water	TTK Pharma	Sarjikakshara, anethum graveolens oil, sugar Preservatives: Bronopol, sodium methyl paraben, sodium propyl paraben, sodium benzoate
Woodward's non-alcoholic gripe water	Suprima Cosmo-Tech	Dill oil and sodium bicarbonate
Kremoint gripe water	Kremoint Pharma Pvt Ltd	Sajikhar, variali tel, suva tel, peppermint tel, aqueous sugar base
Shishuka (gripe water)	Hishimo Pharmaceuticals Pvt Ltd.	Herbal medicine
Prince gripe water	Prince Supplco	Dil seed oil, sodium bicarbonate, pudinaka tail, anethi oil
Gripe water	Surya Herbal Ltd.	Sodium bicarbonate, sarjakakshara, anethum graveolans, sugar
Pep-kid	Sricure Herbs (India) Pvt Ltd.	Sodium bicarbonate, <i>Mentha sylvestris</i> , <i>Feniculum vulgery</i> .
Bonnisan	Himalaya Herbal Healthcare	Dill Oil (<i>Anethum sowa</i>), Guduchi (<i>Tinospora cordifolia</i>), Himsra (<i>Capparis spinosa</i>), Pippali (<i>Piper longum</i>), Amalaki (<i>Emblica officinalis</i>), Kasani (<i>Cichorium intybus</i>), Kasamarda (<i>Cassia occidentalis</i>), Haritaki (<i>Terminalia chebula</i>), Ela (<i>Elettaria cardamomum</i>), Biranjasipha (<i>Achillea millefolium</i>), Jhavuka (<i>Tamarix gallica</i>), Gokshura (<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>), Punarnava (<i>Boerhaavia diffusa</i>)

REFERENCES

- Vallenas C, Savage F. Evidence for the ten steps to successful breastfeeding. Geneva: World Health Organization/CHD/98.9.; 1998. p. 48-61.
- Puri RK, Khanna KK, Ashok Kumar G, Prasada Rao DC. Infant feeding and child rearing methods in Pondicherry, South India. Indian J Pediatr 1976;43:323-32.
- Blumenthal I. The gripe water story. J R Soc Med 2000;93:172-4.
- Illingworth C, Timmins J. Gripe water: What is it? Why is it given? Health Visit 1990;63:378.
- Oshikoya KA, Senbanjo IO, Njokanma OF. Self medication for infants with colic in Lagos, Nigeria. BMC Pediatr 2009;9:9.
- Levin S. Gripe water. S Afr Med J 1968;42:753-7.
- Blumenthal I, Fenton D. A gripe about gripe water. Arch Dis Child 1989;64:306-7.
- Sas D, Enrione MA, Schwartz RH. *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* septic shock secondary to "gripewater" ingestion. Pediatr Infect Dis J 2004;23:176-7.
- FDA news release: FDA Warns Consumers about the Risk of Cryptosporidium Illness from Baby's Bliss Gripe Water [Last updated on 2007 Sep 20; cited on 2011 Nov 10]. Available from: <http://www.fda.gov/newsevents/newsroom/pressannouncements/2007/ucm108990.htm>
- Bhangale V. OTC Marketing of Drugs [Last cited on 2011 Nov 10]; Available from: <http://dspace.iimk.ac.in/bitstream/2259/347/1/397-402.pdf> [Last accessed on 2011 Oct 04].

How to cite this article: Adhisivam B. Is gripe water baby-friendly?. J Pharmacol Pharmacother 2012;3:207-8.

Source of Support: Nil, **Conflict of Interest:** None declared.

Announcement

Android App



Download
iPhone, iPad
application

FREE

A free application to browse and search the journal's content is now available for Android based mobiles and devices. The application provides "Table of Contents" of the latest issues, which are stored on the device for future offline browsing. Internet connection is required to access the back issues and search facility. The application is compatible with all the versions of Android. The application can be downloaded from <https://market.android.com/details?id=comm.app.medknow>. For suggestions and comments do write back to us.